

Predpisy notifikované v Dohode o uplatňovaní sanitárnych a fytosanitárnych opatrení (SPS WTO)
46. týždeň roku 2021

Číslo/Dátum	Notifikujúca strana	Charakteristika notifikácie	Pripomienková doba
G/SPS/N/CHN/1234 15/11/2021	China	<i>Food</i> National Food Safety Standard of the P.R.C.: Code of Hygienic Practice for Livestock and Poultry Edible Offal and By-products This standard specifies the basic requirements of places, facilities, equipment, personnel and hygiene control management standards for raw material procurement, classification, repair, cleaning, cooling, inspection, packaging, storage and transportation, product traceability and recall in the processing of edible livestock and poultry by-products. This standard is applicable to the processing of edible livestock and poultry by-products, and also includes the collection of livestock and poultry blood.	14/01/2022
G/SPS/N/CHN/1235 15/11/2021	China	<i>Food safety</i> National Food Safety Standard of the P.R.C.: Adhesive Used in Food Contact Materials and Articles This standard specified the definition, classification, safety requirements of raw substances, organoleptic properties, hygienic indexes, migration test and labels of adhesive used in food contact materials and articles.	14/01/2022
G/SPS/N/CHN/1236 15/11/2021	China	<i>Food safety</i> National Food Safety Standard of the P.R.C.: Plastic Materials and Articles for Food Contact (GB 4806.7) This Standard applies to food contact plastic materials and articles, including thermoplastic elastomer materials and articles without vulcanization. This standard also applies to starch-based plastic materials and articles used for food contact. This standard specifies the terms and definitions, basic requirements, technical requirements (including raw material requirements, sensory requirements, physical and chemical indicators, etc.) and labeling requirements of plastic materials and articles for food contact.	14/01/2022
G/SPS/N/CHN/1237 15/11/2021	China	<i>Food safety</i> National Food Safety Standard of the P.R.C.: Rubber Materials and Products for Food Contact This standard specifies the scope, terms and definitions, basic requirements, raw material requirements, sensory requirements, physical and chemical indicators, other technical requirements, migration tests and labeling requirements for rubber materials and products intended to come into contact with food.	14/01/2022

G/SPS/N/CHN/1238 15/11/2021	China	<p><i>Food safety</i></p> <p>National Food Safety Standard of the P.R.C.: Disinfectant</p> <p>This standard specified the safety requirements for raw materials, organoleptic properties, hygienic indexes and labels of disinfectants for food and food contact materials.</p>	14/01/2022
G/SPS/N/CHN/1239 15/11/2021	China	<p><i>Food safety</i></p> <p>National Food Safety Standard of the P.R.C.: Good manufacturing practice for Food for Special Medical Purpose</p> <p>This standard is a good manufacturing practice which applies to the production enterprises of food for special medical purpose.</p>	14/01/2022
G/SPS/N/CHN/1240 15/11/2021	China	<p><i>Prepared meat products</i></p> <p>National Food Safety Standard of the P.R.C.: Code of Hygienic Practice of Producing for Prepared Meat Products</p> <p>The standard defines the basic requirements and regulation principles on prepared meat products producing, in the fields of raw material purchasing, processing, packaging, storage and transportation, etc. concerning processing area, facilities and equipment and workers. This standard is applicable to the production of prepared meat products.</p>	14/01/2022
G/SPS/N/NZL/673 15/11/2021	New Zealand	<p><i>Plant protection, Protect humans from animal/plant pest or disease, Protect territory from other damage from pests</i></p> <p>Risk Management Proposal review and Amendment of BMSB treatment</p> <p>An additional treatment for brown marmorated stink bug risk cargo to be included in the MPI Standard: Treatment Requirement: Approved Biosecurity Treatments (ABTRT). This document contains the rationale behind and the recommendation to implement the use of a combination of ethyl formate and carbon dioxide to fumigate BMSB risk cargo in New Zealand.</p>	
G/SPS/N/JPN/875 16/11/2021	Japan	<p><i>Muramidase as a feed additive</i></p> <p>Designation of Muramidase as a feed additive</p> <p>MAFF will designate Muramidase as a feed additive and establish its standards and specifications by the Ministerial Ordinance in "Public Announcement: the Ministerial Public Announcement Regarding the Designation of Feed Additives (Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries Public Announcement No. 750 issued on 24 July 1976)" and "Ministerial Ordinance on the Specifications and Standards of Feeds and Feed Additives "(Ordinance No. 35 of 24 July 1976 of the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry). (Proposed amendment) Muramidase is allowed to be used as a feed additive for broilers only.</p>	20/12/2021
G/SPS/N/NZL/674 16/11/2021	New Zealand	<p><i>Grain and seeds for consumption, feed or processing</i></p> <p>Grain and seeds for consumption, feed or processing import health standard</p>	

MPI is amending the Import Health Standard: Grain and seeds for consumption, feed or processing. The import health standard dated 12 November 2021 replaces the earlier version of the standard dated 21 June 2021. The amendment is to remove the import requirements from GCFP.IHS for the below organisms: 1. Artichoke yellow ringspot virus on *Phaseolus* spp.; 2. Clover yellow mosaic virus on *Pisum* spp. and *Vicia* spp.; 3. Pea enation mosaic virus on *Pisum* spp. and *Vicia* spp.; 4. Peanut stunt virus on *Phaseolus* spp. and *Vicia* spp.; 5. Red clover vein mosaic virus on *Vicia* spp.; 6. Sunflower ringspot virus on *Helianthus* spp. Consultation is not required for this amendment. This is because consultations were conducted when removing these organisms from the seeds for sowing import health standard (the highest-risk pathway for the import of seeds) and no concerns were raised during the consultation period. This amendment does not suggest any additional import requirements to the import health standard. It only removes unjustified and inaccurate requirements for specified organisms to facilitate trade.

[G/SPS/N/PHL/500](#)
17/11/2021

Philippines

HS Code: 0105 - Live poultry, "fowls of the species Gallus domesticus, ducks, geese, turkeys and guinea fowls"; HS Code: 0207 - Meat and edible offal of fowls of the species Gallus domesticus, ducks, geese, turkeys and guinea fowls, fresh, chilled or frozen; HS Code: 0407 - Birds' eggs, in shell, fresh, preserved or cooked; HS Code: 04071 - Fertilised eggs for incubation; HS Code: 04072 - Other fresh eggs; HS Code: 040790 - Birds' eggs, in shell, preserved or cooked; HS Code: 05119 - Other

Department of Agriculture Memorandum Order No. 69 Series of 2021, Temporary Ban on the Importation of Domestic and Wild Birds and their Products Including Poultry Meat, Day-old Chicks, Eggs and Semen Originating from the Netherlands

The Order signed on 12 November 2021 institutes the following emergency measures for the importation of wild birds and their products from the Netherlands: 1) Banning the importation of domestic and wild birds and their products, including poultry meat, day-old chicks eggs and semen; 2) Immediate suspension of the processing, evaluation of the application and issuance of Sanitary and Phytosanitary (SPS) import clearance to the above-stated commodities; 3) All shipments IN TRANSIT/LOADED/ACCEPTED UNTO PORT before the official communication of this Order to the Dutch authorities shall be allowed provided the products were slaughtered/produced before 13 October 2021; 4) All other shipments accepted at the port of origin the day after the date of the official communication to the Dutch authorities are therefore advised not to sail; 5) Shipments which have not complied with the conditions set forth in Item 3 to Item 4 shall be dealt with as per DA AO 9 S. 2010 Section VILD;

6) Importation of meat products of poultry is subject to the conditions provided in Articles 10.4.18, 10.4.19 and 10.4.24 of OIE Terrestrial Animal Health Code (2021).

[G/SPS/N/PHL/501](#)
17/11/2021

Philippines

Live cattle and meat, and meat products, and bovine processed animal proteins

Department of Agriculture Memorandum Order No. 68 Series of 2021, Temporary Ban on the Importation of Live Cattle and Meat and Meat Products and Bovine Processed Animal Proteins Derived from Cattle from Germany

The Order signed on 12 November 2021 institutes the following measures for the importation of meat and meat by-products derived from cattle from Germany: 1) Temporary suspension of the processing, evaluation of the application and issuance of the Sanitary and Phytosanitary (SPS) Import Clearance of meat and meat by-products derived from cattle including live cattle importation; 2) All shipments IN TRANSIT/LOADED/ACCEPTED UNTO PORT before the official communication of this Order to the German authorities shall be allowed provided the slaughter and production date is on or before 25 September 2021; 3) All previously approved SPS Import Clearances which were not yet IN TRANSIT/LOADED/ACCEPTED UNTO PORT after the official communication of this Order to the German authorities are hereby REVOKED; 4) Shipments with ship out date after the communication of this Order to the German authorities shall be dealt with per DA Administrative Order 9 series of 2010, Section VILD; 5) More rigorous and tight inspections on all arrivals of meat and meat by-products derived from cattle including live animals and bovine processed animal proteins by DA Veterinary Quarantine Officers assigned at ports of entry.

[G/SPS/N/CHL/703](#)
18/11/2021

Chile

Productos de origen vegetal desecados

17/01/2022

Aprueba texto coordinado y sistematizado de las resoluciones que establecen requisitos fitosanitarios de ingreso a productos de origen vegetal desecados de especies y orígenes que indica, para consumo, actualiza requisitos y tratamientos y Deroga Resoluciones que señala
Texto coordinado y sistematizado de las resoluciones que establecen requisitos fitosanitarios de ingreso a productos de origen vegetal desecados de especies y orígenes que indica, para consumo. Actualiza requisitos y tratamientos, destacándose lo siguiente:- Facilita el entendimiento por parte de los usuarios y de la autoridad fitosanitaria del país de origen, de la normativa de productos desecados que se encuentran regulados en distintas Resoluciones (N° 3.691 de 2002, N° 28 de 2003, N° 1.781 de 2002, N° 3.347 de 2006, N° 7.934 de 2020, N° 2.687 de 2020 y N° 8.308 de 2020); - Coordina y sistematiza las resoluciones indicadas, de modo que queden en un solo cuerpo legal;- Actualiza los tratamientos;- Actualiza requisitos fitosanitarios,

ya que algunas especies resultaron ser hospedantes de *Trogoderma granarium*, según la actualización del Análisis de Riesgo de Plagas para Plagas Cuarentenarias (ARPC). Para mayor detalle revisar el documento adjunto a esta notificación.

[G/SPS/N/AUS/530](#)
19/11/2021

Australia

Fresh berries, fresh leafy vegetables and fresh melons – HS Codes: 0807.1 Melons (including watermelons); 0807.11.00(40) Watermelons; 0807.19.00(41) Other; Excluding: 0807.20.00 papayas; 0810.10.00(09) Strawberries; 0810.20.00(10) Raspberries, blackberries, mulberries and loganberries; 0810.30.00(14) Black, white or red currents and gooseberries; 0810.90.00(59) Other; 0811.10.00(25) Strawberries; 0811.20.00(-) Raspberries, blackberries, mulberries and loganberries, black, white or red currents and gooseberries; 0811.20.00(19) Raspberries, not containing added sweetening matter, not pulped; 0811.20.00(26) Other; 0811.90.00(22) Other

09/02/2022

Proposal to include certain draft standards in Chapter 4 of the Food Standards Code

The following draft standards are proposed for inclusion in Chapter 4 (primary production standards – Australia only) of the Food Standards Code. Standard 4.2.7 – Primary production and processing standard for berries Standard 4.2.8 – Primary production and processing standard for leafy vegetables Standard 4.2.9 – Primary production and processing standard for melons The proposed draft standards are included in the P1052 2nd call for submissions (2nd consultation period). This package also includes an analysis of current regulation of these sectors in Australia a microbiological risk assessment a cost benefit analysis compliance plans a consultation regulation impact statement the 2nd CFS report. The vast majority of horticultural produce is safe, however outbreaks linked to particular sectors continue to occur. In June 2018, Australia and New Zealand food minister requested that FSANZ reassess food safety risk management across several horticultural sectors; including fresh berries, fresh leafy vegetables and fresh melons. We identified the following microbial hazards as being of greatest concern: • Berries: shiga toxin-producing *Escherichia coli* (STEC), norovirus (NoV) and hepatitis A virus (HAV) • Leafy vegetables: STEC, non-typhoidal *Salmonella* spp. (*Salmonella*) and *Listeria monocytogenes* (*Listeria*) • Melons: *Salmonella* and *Listeria*. Our microbiological risk assessment identified the most likely routes of contamination in each sector and proposed risk mitigation measures. Our cost benefit analysis identified the most cost effective way to reduce illness caused by the microbial hazards we identified. Based on our assessment, a combination of regulatory (i.e. standards) and non-regulatory measures is our preferred approach. FSANZ prepared three draft proposed standards (regulatory measures) - one

each for fresh berries, fresh leafy vegetables and fresh melons.

[G/SPS/N/CHL/704](#)
19/11/2021

Chile

Semen de zánganos

18/01/2022

Fija exigencias sanitarias para la internación de semen de zánganos a Chile y deroga la Resolución que indica

Se fijan exigencias sanitarias para internar a Chile semen de zánganos de la especie *Apis mellifera*, destacándose: De la condición sanitaria del país, zona o centro de procedencia: - El semen de zánganos que se importe a Chile debe provenir de países o zonas en los que jamás haya sido constatada la presencia de abejas africanas o africanizadas, condición que deberá ser evaluada favorablemente por Chile o bien provenir de centros que acrediten científicamente la ausencia de africanización. Del centro productor de origen: - El semen debe provenir de centros que han permanecido bajo control oficial de la autoridad sanitaria del país de origen, al menos durante los dos últimos años; - Que el centro cuenta con programas de control sobre las enfermedades que afecten a las abejas; - Que en los tres meses previos a la extracción del semen no se han registrado casos de ninguna patología apícola. De la certificación: - El semen debe venir amparado por un certificado sanitario oficial, previamente acordado, otorgado al momento del embarque por la autoridad competente del país de origen, que acredite el cumplimiento de las exigencias sanitarias establecidas en el proyecto de Resolución, además de: Indicar el país y el establecimiento de procedencia indicando el nombre y dirección del centro productor; Consignatario; La línea genética a la que corresponde el semen exportado a Chile; Los aditivos agregados a la dilución de semen; La identificación de los capilares del semen exportado a Chile; Identificación del medio de transporte. Para mayor detalle revisar el documento adjunto a esta notificación.

[G/SPS/N/CHL/705](#)
19/11/2021

Chile

Cera de abejas, jalea real, polen y propóleos

18/01/2022

Fija Exigencias para la internación de cera de abejas, jalea real, polen y propóleos a Chile

Se fijan exigencias sanitarias para internar a Chile cera de abejas, jalea real, polen corbicular (recolectado por abejas) y propóleos, destacándose: 1. Condición sanitaria de los apiarios (colmenares) que dan origen a las mercancías: - Proceden de un país o una zona que cumple las condiciones para considerarse libre de las siguientes enfermedades de acuerdo a los criterios de la OIE y esta condición ha sido evaluada favorablemente por Chile: Loque americana (*Paenibacillus larvae*); Loque europea (*Melissococcus plutonius*); Infestación por pequeño escarabajo de las colmenas *Aethina tumida* (PEC); - En caso de que las mercancías no provengan de un país o zona libre se deberá certificar lo siguiente: - Se sometieron a un

proceso que garantice la destrucción de los bacilos de loque europea y esporas de Loque americana mediante lo señalado en este punto; o - Se encuentran libres de esporas de P. larvae y libres de M. plutonius tras someterse a uno de los métodos de prueba descritos. - No se ha detectado la presencia de A. tumida, o pequeño escarabajo de las colmenas y las mercancías fueron sometidas a un proceso que garantiza la destrucción de A. tumida, de conformidad con los procedimientos descritos en el proyecto. - Los apiarios (colmenares) de origen están bajo inspección sanitaria oficial y sometidos a un programa de monitoreo de enfermedades que afecten a las abejas. - Las mercancías se encuentran libre de restos de abejas, crías de abejas u otro detritus. - Del transporte - Los envases deben ser de primer uso, herméticos, que eviten el contacto con otros productos de origen apícola. - El transporte desde el establecimiento de procedencia hasta su destino a Chile se debe realizar en vehículos o compartimentos que aseguren la mantención de sus condiciones higiénico- sanitarias. - De la certificación - La cera de abejas, jalea real, polen y propóleos deberán venir amparados por un certificado sanitario oficial, que cumpla las condiciones indicadas. 2. Los productos apícolas podrán ser sometidos a controles o exámenes que determine el SAG, en las condiciones señaladas en el proyecto de Resolución. Para mayor detalle revisar el documento adjunto a esta notificación.

[G/SPS/N/EGY/128](#)
19/11/2021

Egypt

Coffee and coffee substitutes

18/01/2022

Ministerial Decree No. 219/2021 mandating the Egyptian Standard ES 8449 "Green Coffee Beans intended for instant coffee manufacturing"

Ministerial Decree No. 219/2021 gives the producers and importers a six-month transitional period to abide by the Egyptian Standard ES 8449 "Green Coffee Beans intended for instant coffee manufacturing". This standard is concerned with the basic requirements and descriptive standards for green coffee beans used in the production of instant coffee and not intended to be used as a final product. It should be noted that this standard cancels and replaces the requirements for instant coffee contained in Egyptian Standard ES No. 517, 1474-1/2005 "Updated 2014".

[G/SPS/N/EGY/129](#)
19/11/2021

Egypt

Instant coffee

18/01/2022

Ministerial Decree No. 219/2021 mandating the Egyptian Standard ES 8448 "Instant Coffee"

Ministerial Decree No. 219/2021 gives the producers and importers a six-month transitional period to abide by the Egyptian Standard ES 8448 "Instant coffee" which is concerned with the basic requirements and descriptive criteria for the following coffee products: Instant coffee and Decaffeinated instant coffee. This standard does not apply to both concentrated liquid coffee extract, and coffee-based products (such as cappuccino, etc.). It should be noted that this

standard cancels and replaces the requirements for instant coffee contained in Egyptian Standard ES No. 517, 1474-1/2005 "Updated 2014".

[G/SPS/N/EGY/130](#)
19/11/2021

Egypt

Poultry and eggs

18/01/2022

Ministerial Decree No. 222/2021 for "Products of poultry meat treaded with heat"

Ministerial Decree No. 222/2021 gives the producers and importers a six-month transitional period to abide by the Egyptian Standard ES 3493 "Products of poultry meat treated with heat". It is worth mentioning that this Standard has been formulated according to National studies.

[G/SPS/N/ARE/241](#)
19/11/2021

UAE

Live poultry (HS Code: 0105), day-old chicks (HS Code: 0105.11), hatching eggs, and poultry products including poultry meat (HS Code: 0207) except heat-treated products

United Arab Emirates is imposing a temporary ban on the importation of domestic and wild birds and their untreated by-products from Hungary

Following the notification published by the World Organisation for Animal Health (OIE) regarding the outbreak of Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza Virus (HPAI) in Bács-Kiskun county in Hungary, the United Arab Emirates is applying a precautionary sanitary measure to prevent the risk of introducing HPAI virus through the imports of live birds and their products from Bács-Kiskun county in Hungary. These measures include: 1. Temporary ban on the importation of domestic and wild birds and their untreated by-products and day-old chicks and hatching eggs from Hungary to the United Arab Emirates; 2. Applying the "mechanism of importing falcons from high-risk countries" on importing from Hungary; 3. Continue to allow the importation of heat-treated poultry products (treated meat and treated egg products) in addition to the heat-treated by-products from all regions in Hungary; 4. Allow the entry of consignments of unheat-treated poultry meat and table eggs from areas (according to the first administrative division (County)) that are not infected, according to the currently used health certificate models, provided that the competent authorities of the country of export send a health statement: "The imported products were produced (and packed) from live poultry from a facility (farm/slaughterhouse/packing facility) in an area (defined within a 25 km radius around the facility) in which no highly pathogenic avian influenza (HPAI) have been recorded for a period of no less than 28 days prior to exportation with the application of the destruction policy or for a period of no less than 12 months prior to export without applying the policy of destruction; 5. Consignments of table eggs and poultry meat from Bács-Kiskun county that were produced/slaughtered/packed after 25 October 2021 are not allowed to be exported to the United Arab Emirates.